Merve Ümran Yilmaz
Tugce Mutlu
Ellen-Louise Hall
Esther Ørgård Tange
Doganer Uslu
Colette Muldowney
Nicole Paola Kramer
Buket Yigit
Irem Yenidogan
Ahmet Can Selcuk
Bekir Burak Kilboz
Silvan Hämmerli
Sawayot Tripathi
Rose Marie S. Leslie
Beril Arica
Joan Suris
Cemre Özdemir
USE HEADSSS
“Home relationships between adolescents and their parents are always very complex. It is important to both establish certain boundaries, and grant to the adolescent sufficient liberty in order to promote the proper development of his or her independence. Guidance and boundaries are important as they provide a connection in which the young person will trust the parent/caregiver. Youths need to be treated (no matter what country it is) with a respect which allows them to grow independently but securely into adulthood.”

IAAHYOUTH2013
EVERYONE has the right to EDUCATION.

Education means not only knowledge transfer but also teaching students to be CRITICAL and question everything.

Learning conditions have to be appropriate:

- INDIVIDUAL approach
- Small classes
- Good teachers

Involve young people in education as well

- PEER EDUCATION
- Let us take part!
“To make accessing food less of a financial burden and a less political debate. Make eating healthy foods more popular within the culture. Promote the benefits of healthy eating from an early stage. Education is also a factor, without the knowledge of how to cook a nutritional meal; the person may be more inclined to just buy ready-made food. There is a large market for fast food because people are increasingly thinking I haven’t got enough time to eat therefore I need something quick to eat. Suggestions included, putting prices up for unhealthy foods, putting taxes on certain foods, provide more advertisement for healthy foods and less advertisement for fast food or junk food. “
“Giving young people the opportunity and time to take part in activities in their own time is important. To take part in activities that they enjoy and are not made to do by education or work is also a part of creating the identity. Games, TV and electronic devices slowly began to over-take exercise. It is now a part of health promotion to promote exercise and to take part in sport where you can meet other people as well as being a part of a healthy life style.”

IAAHYOUTH2013
• Drugs and alcohol affect all adolescents’ lives, whether they chose to use them or not.

• The negative effects of drugs can impact every aspect of a young person’s life.

• Make the knowledge of all drugs available to youth, both the risks and rewards.

• Don’t judge a young person’s past decisions to use drugs. Instead, try to understand the reasons behind these choices.
“Young people should have the opportunity to explore and develop their own sexuality, without facing social repercussions. Young people should also have the right to be informed of the correct facts about sexual health. Young people should have the choice to consent to sexual activity and not to be forced or harmed in any way through sexual activities. Health professionals, parents and peers should be educating young people in the joys and pleasure of sexual activities and not just about the possible complications. There will always be different opinions on sexual health in different cultures - however sexual health education should be encouraged to be delivered to all young people. Provide workshops where young people can come and ask about what is myth or fact.”
“Education is a key point about general health and well being. There should be encouragement to all members of society to make all information and guidance available from anyone you feel comfortable talking to, including peers, health care providers and parents. In addition, risks should not be seen as purely negative, but in context of being able to make the right assessment of which situations are safe or not, they must also be perceived as having the capacity to deliver positive outcomes.”

IAAHYOUTH2013
“You have to treat young people who have physical conditions, hand in hand with their mind as well as their body. To recognize that self-inflicting abuse can be just as damaging as abuse which comes from another person. As a society, not just as medical professionals; we need to tear down the harsh stigma of wanting to express our inner thoughts and feelings; without receiving labels such as ‘crazy’ or ‘mental’.

Raising awareness about what happens and that it isn’t unusual. Change how approachable seeing a psychologist or psychiatrist is, to make this the social ‘norm’. To promote that confidentiality is ALWAYS available, so you can reveal your inner thoughts without your friends and family knowing.”

IAAHYOUTH2013